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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 10/047,730 11/13/2001 Carmen A. Covelli LP5140 USNA 5983 EXAMINER 23906 7590 01/15/2004 E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY MUROMOTO JR, ROBERT H LEGAL PATENT RECORDS CENTER ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128 4417 LANCASTER PIKE 3765 WILMINGTON, DE 19805

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary		Арр	lication No.	Applicant(s)
		10/0	047,730	COVELLI, CARMEN
		Exa	miner	Art Unit
			ert H Muromoto, Jr.	3765
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed o	n <u>06 Octobe</u>	<u>r 2003</u> .	
2a)⊠	∑ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims				
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>				
Application Papers				
<ul> <li>9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.</li> <li>10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 October 2003</u> is/are: a) ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).</li> <li>11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.</li> </ul>				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of: <ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> </ol> </li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> <li>13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. <ol> <li>The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.</li> </ol> </li> <li>14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.</li> </ul>				
Attachment(s)				
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-6 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper			(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Scherbel in view of Woodward and further in view of Lintecum WO 01/64978.

Scherbel teaches an elastic interlining which comprises a woven fabric. The woven fabric uses bicomponent fibers based on polyester polymers constructed of two different diols (PET and PTT) to take advantage of the differing properties of crystallinity PET being the more crystalline (stiffer) of the two. These multicomponent fibers can be mixed with other fibers during production of yarn to reduce costs. Wool, viscose, or cotton threads can be used. Additionally, it is possible to use a mixture of multicomponent fibers for example with polyester, polyamide, PAN together with the above mentioned wool, viscose, or cotton fibers, it is possible to use textured or non-textured staple fiber yarns. In this case it is possible to use the multicomponent fibers for the weft threads, optionally admixed with the above materials.

It is also possible for threads composed of bicomponent fibers and conventional threads to occur alternately within the weft (pick and pick).

Although the teachings of Scherbel teach essentially all of the limitations of the instant invention, Scherbel does not teach the a bicomponent filament yarn, specific

double pick insertion, heat-set crimp value, yarn elongation, fabric design, normalized unload power, or percentage by weight of bicomponent fiber as recited in the instant invention.

However, Lintecum does teach the use of a bicomponent polyester with differing diols paired to form a yarn with the at least 10% crimp shrinkage as recited by the instant invention. Therefore it would have been obvious to modify Scherbel with a bicomponent filament yarn to achieve the desired crimp shrinkage, which is recited as from 10% to 80% in the instant application.

Additionally, Woodward does teach an elastic fabric that comprises elastic and non-elastic weft yarns in alternating (pick and pick) relationship or paired in groups of two picks (coinsertion) to help restrict the total stretch of the elastic fiber to give the fabric very high elastic recovery.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to pair a spun staple cotton yarn with a more elastic bicomponent yarn in an alternating pick or paired as double picks to produce an elastic fabric with high recovery.

With respect to the limitations of heat-set crimp value, yarn elongation, fabric design, normalized unload power, or percentage by weight of bicomponent fiber, the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed limitations nor any unexpected results arising therefrom, and that as such the limitations were arbitrary and therefore obvious. Such unsupported limitations cannot be a basis for patentability, since where patentability is said to be based upon particular dimensions or another variable in the claim, the applicant must show that the chosen variables are

critical. *In re Woodruff*, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (Fed. Cir. 1990). One having ordinary skill in the art would be able to determine through routine experimentation the ideal levels of heat-set crimp value, yarn elongation, fabric design, normalized unload power, or percentage by weight of bicomponent fiber for a particular application.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-11 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Applicant argues that Woodward does not show "pick and pick" or coinsertion of the weft yarns. The examiner disagrees as Sherbel and Woodward show a alternating insertion or so-called pick and pick insertion, and Woodward teaches a paired weft yarn insertion, which could also be considered a weft co-insertion. Therefore the rejection remains and is considered proper.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

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shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Robert H Muromoto, Jr. whose telephone number is

703-306-5503. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-530, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, John Calvert can be reached on 703-305-1025. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9302.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-

0861.

Bhm January 9, 2004

JOHN J. CALVERT SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700